

FACULTY ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS

Mathematics Entrance test. Time: 2 h. 30 min. June 2010

(ln means: the natural logarithm, so with base $e \approx 2.72$)

1. Simplify: (a, b, c, x, y, z and n are positive constants)

a. $\frac{a-1}{2a} - \frac{2b+1}{5b} + \frac{2a+5b}{10ab}$ b. $\frac{x^6\sqrt{yz^2}}{x^2\sqrt{y^3}}$ c. $n - \frac{n}{1 - \frac{1}{n}}$

2. Factorize completely:

a. $x^4 - x^3 - 2x^2$ b. $x^{a-1}(px+q)^2 + x^a(px+q)$

3. Solve:

a. $x^2 + 1,17x = 0$ b. $\ln(x+1) - \ln x = 1$ c. $x^2 + 2x - 7 = 0$

4. Solve the next inequalities:

a. $\frac{x^2+1}{x-3} \leq 1$ b. $e^{4x-10} > 0$ c. $(e^x - 2)(1-x) > 0$

5. Find the derivative of the next functions and simplify and factorize the result:

a. $f(x) = \frac{x}{(1+x^2)^2}$ b. $g(t) = e^t(2t-3)^5$

6. Let $f(x) = \frac{x^2-2}{\sqrt{x}}$ Find the equation of the tangent at the graph of the function

where $x = 4$.

7. Let: $f(x) = 6x^4 - 8x^3 + 1$

a. Find the stationary points of f (so: $f'(x) = 0$)

b. Classify the stationary points (maximum or minimum).

Answers:

1.a. $\frac{1}{10}$

1.b. $x^4y^{-1}z$

1.c. $\frac{n}{1-n}$

2.a. $x^2(x-2)(x+1)$

2.b. $x^{a-1}(px+q)[(p+1)x+q]$

3.a. 0 and -1.17

3.b. $\frac{1}{e-1}$

3.c. $-1 \pm 2\sqrt{2}$

4.a. $x < 3$

4.b. all x

4.c. $\ln 2 < x < 1$

5.a. $\frac{1-3x^2}{(1+x^2)^3}$

5.b. $e^t(2t-3)^4(2t+7)$

6. $y-7 = \frac{25}{8}(x-4)$ or: $y = \frac{25}{8}x - \frac{11}{2}$

7.a. $x = 0$ or $x = 1$

7.b. $f(0) = -1$ is an inflection point.
 $f(1) = -1$ is a minimum.